

Integration Bee

Daya Singh

2 hours 30 minutes

Name: _____ Date: _____

Instructions:

- This paper is a **non-calculator** paper. You are **not** allowed to use any electrical devices.
- Each question is worth 5 marks.
- You do not need to concern yourself with issues of convergence.
- You must simplify your final answer.
- Partial marks will be awarded to answers which are incomplete, yet exhibit a method which is known to produce the correct answer, either by triviality, or through a complete solution using said method by another contestant.
- With this booklet, you will also be supplied an **answer booklet**. Although all submitted scrap working will be marked, you are required to list all stages (e.g “substitution of...” or “DUTIS on the function...”) of your working in at most 5 steps. This is to assist in the handing of partial marks

Information:

- This paper consists of 3 pages.
- The total mark for this paper is 100.

1.

$$\int (x - x \ln(x))^{-1} \mathrm{d}x$$

2.

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(x) \mathrm{d}x$$

3.

$$\int \sec^5(x) \mathrm{d}x$$

4.

$$\int (1 + \ln(x)) \ln(\ln(x)) \mathrm{d}x$$

5. For any n ,

$$\int x^{n-1} \arctan(\sqrt{x^n - 2}) \mathrm{d}x$$

6.

$$\int \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \mathrm{d}x$$

7. For a real constant y ,

$$\int \frac{1}{x \ln(xy) \ln\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)} \mathrm{d}x$$

8.

$$\int_0^2 \ln^3\left(\frac{2}{x} - 1\right) \mathrm{d}x$$

9.

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\lfloor x \rfloor^2}{\lfloor x \rfloor!} \cos(\pi \lfloor x \rfloor) \mathrm{d}x$$

10.

$$\int_0^\pi \cos(x + \tan(x)) \mathrm{d}x$$

11.

$$\int \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

12.

$$\int \ln(1 + x^4)$$

13.

$$\int \sec(x) \operatorname{arsinh}(\tan(x)) dx$$

14.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{artanh}(\tan(x))}}{\ln(1 + \sin(2x))} dx$$

15.

$$\int_2^\infty \frac{2}{[x]^2([x] + 2)} - \cosh^2(\operatorname{artanh}[x]) dx$$

16.

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x}}{x} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx$$

17.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \tan(x) \arctan(\cos(x)) dx$$

18. For integer constants k and n such that $k > -1$ and $n + k < 1$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{(2x)^k (1 + x^2)^{n-1}}{(x^2 - 1)^{n+k}} dx$$

19.

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{2}{\pi} \arcsin\left|\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)\right| dx$$

20. For a non-negative integer, n ,

$$\int_1^e \frac{\ln(x)}{x} \ln^n(\ln(x)) dx$$